

UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FIFTH COMMITTEE

(66th Session)

STATEMENT.

BY

BY H.E. MRS. JANINE COYE-FELSON

OF

BELIZE

ON BEHALF OF THE CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY ----

(CARICOM)

ON

"PROPOSED PROGRAMME BUDGET-FOR THE BIENNIUM 2012-2013" -

October 27, 2011

Please check against delivery

[-Wasajarlongerogyi Elektrik Presidenti da kaling

Mr. Chairman,

I have the honour to deliver this statement on behalf of the fourteen Member States of the Caribbean

Statement on behalf of the Group of 77 and China.

We are restricted to the Secretary Concretely his process taking of the areas advantaged by the secretary of the areas and the secretary of the Advisory Committee.

the care resources of the Organization. It is in our view an authoritative statement that should reflect the strategic vision of the Socretary Constal in delivering the mandates and principles as decided by the strategic vision of the Socretary Constal in delivering the mandates and principles as decided by the strategic vision of the Socretary Constal in delivering the mandates and principles and relevant policies. In this context, we reaffirm the central role of the General Assembly together with its relevant intergovernmental and expect hading within their respective mandates in planning massessming budgeting and assembly together with its relevant intergovernmental and expect hading within their respective

Mr. Chairman

CARICOM Member States share the widespread concern for the continued global economic upheaval.

No country has been spared the repercussions of the global financial and economic crises which had its beginnings in systemically important major developed economies. While the more advanced among us tanased to impercuse country of the continued country were left without fiscal or policy options. The CARICOM region was forced into a recession. The gains we had any only recently beginn to ophymatically any essential and succession and statement of the continued and succession. The gains we had the continued and succession and statement of the continued and

ກິດວິຣັບ ເກີຍ ບັກຮັບກັກຮ້ອນບຸຊາ exonomic discress, ແດງ ever more ກັດແຄງກ່າວກ່າວ ການອົງ ທີ່ ກ້າຍ ບັກກອດ Nanons

CARICOM Member States are therefore greatly concerned with the arbitrary cut of 3.7% in resources associably cinco this decision was taken without any formal anneaud from the Concret Associably. This association that the property of the period of the per

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The argument that the financial and economic crisis warrants such action is untenable. How can advocates of this argument explain why trillions should be spent to salvage domestic banks, and pennies should now be taken as welfare according to the content of the

Initionalist médicowing. How tan we explain to the nearly, 2 million beanie still Uvina in non self.

Roverning territories that an already de minimis budget for decolonization should be cut by a further 40 percent? Why should the United Nations, an Organization that remains a beacon of hope for the most

vulnerable across the globe, pay the price for poorly regulated markets and industries? Surely there is a flaw in this rationale.

Mr. Chairman

CARICOM Member States have specific concerns with proposals in the budget document relating to regional commissions and the development account.

Regional Commissions have an important role in facilitating the global development agenda. The incapacitate the Commissions at a time when their work is critical. The United Nations should be focused on reinforcing and supporting the Commissions' development strategy. In this regard, CARICOM believes that the budget document presented today needs further improvements to better reflect those priorities.

In the case of the development account, CARICOM stresses that the efficient management of this account is one of the appropriate tools to cope with the evolving needs of the global development

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Mr Chairman ...

increasing imbalance between assessed and voluntary contributions. Indeed, we are facing a situation in which the amount or extra-budgetary resources has reached a level that is hearly twice as large as the regular budget. This has put the Organization in a governance crisis, whereby on the one hand, legislative bodies approve mandates and priorities, and, on the other, voluntary contributions are often used to bend the priorities toward other mandates.

Mr. Chairman,

While funding for the development activities has been reduced, the budget of special political missions, which was provided and the second political missions.

2000 to an estimated IIS\$ 1.2 billion taking into account the latest developments in one of the two main missions.

Such disproportionate growth in the provisions for special political missions has led to large distortions in the Size of the budget. This has engendered the false impression that the regular budget is somehow spiraling out of control. Mr. Chairman this cannot be further from the truth because the growth can be with activities funded by the member security council. Cancow Member. States jundersone that priority activities funded by the regular hudget should not be jeopardized by the increase in Special Political Missions.

CARICOM takes this opportunity to insist that the Secretary-General should fill the post of the Special Advisor for Africa, a matter of priority mandated by the General Assembly in its Resolutions 62/236 and 63/260.

Mr. Chairman,

CARICOM recognizes that the negotiations on the Budget will be complex. It is therefore important that those negotiations occur in an open, transparent and inclusive manner, respectful of the positions of all the positi

I thank you, Mr. Chairman